UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

BRIAN MASCK,

Plaintiff,

Case No. 2:13-cv-10226-GAD-DRG

V.

Honorable Gershwin A. Drain

SPORTS ILLUSTRATED; NISSAN NORTH AMERICA; GETTY IMAGES, INC.; CHAMPIONS PRESS, L.L.C.; DESMOND HOWARD; PHOTO FILE, INC.; FATHEAD, L.L.C.; WAL-MART STORES, INC.; WAL-MART.COM USA, L.L.C. and AMAZON.COM, INC.,

Magistrate Judge David R. Grand

DEFENDANT AMAZON.COM, INC.'S ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

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DEFENDANT AMAZON.COM, INC.'S ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon"), by and through its counsel, hereby provides its Answer and Affirmative Defenses to the Complaint filed on January 18, 2013 by Plaintiff Brian Masck ("Plaintiff").

PARTIES AND JURISDICTION¹

Complaint ¶ 1

Plaintiff Brian Masck is a resident of Genesee County, Michigan and conducts business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 1

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

¹ Amazon has included the headers from the Complaint for the Court's convenience and does not consider them to be allegations that require an answer. However, to the extent that Court views these as allegations, Amazon denies them.

Defendant Sports Illustrated ("SI"), is a company owned by Time, Inc., with its principal place of business at 135 West 50th Street, New York, New York 10020, and conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 2

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 2 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 3

SI operates, maintains and controls the web sites *Sportsillustrated.CNN.com* ("SI.com") and *SIKids.com*. Sports Illustrated supervises and controls all information contained on its web sites *SI.com* and *SIKids.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 3

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 3 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 4

Defendant Nissan North America, Inc. ("Nissan"), with its principal place of business at One Nissan Way, Franklin, Tennessee 37067, conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 4

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 5

Defendant Getty Images, Inc. ("Getty"), with its principal place of business at 605 5th Avenue South, Suite 400 Seattle, WA 98104, conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 5 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 6

Getty operates, maintains, and controls the web site *Gettyimages.com*. Getty supervises and controls all information contained on its web site *Gettyimages.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 6

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 6 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 7

Defendant Champions Press, L.L.C. ("Champions Press"), with its principal place of business at 30230 Manhattan Street, Saint Clair Shores, Michigan 48082, is a Michigan corporation which conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 7

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 7 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 8

Defendant Desmond Howard, believed to now be a resident of the State of Florida, conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 8

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 8 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Desmond Howard operates, maintains and controls the web site *Desmondhoward.com*. Desmond Howard supervises and controls all information contained on his web site *Desmondhoward.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 9

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 9 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 10

Defendant Photo File, Inc. ("Photo File"), with its principal place of business at 333 North Bedford Road, Suite 130, Mount Kisco, New York 10549, conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 10

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 10 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 11

Photo File operates, maintains, and controls the web site *Photofile.com*. Photo File supervises and controls all information contained on its web site.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 11

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 11 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 12

Defendant Fathead, LLC. ("Fathead"), with its principal place of business at 1046 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan 48226, is a Delaware company presently in the midst of a planned move to Michigan, and it conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 12 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 13

Fathead operates, maintains, and controls the web site Fathead.com. Fathead supervises and controls all information contained on its web site.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 13

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 13 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 14

Defendants Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. and Wal-Mart.com USA, L.L.C. ("Walmart"), with their principal places of business at 702 SW Eighth Street, Bentonville, Arkansas 72716, both conduct substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 14

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 14 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 15

Walmart operates, maintains, and controls as its subsidiary the web site *Walmart.com*. Walmart supervises and controls all information contained on its web site *Walmart.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 15

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 15 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 16

Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon"), with its principal place of business at 1200 Twelfth Avenue, South Suite 1200, Seattle,

Washington 98144, conducts substantial business within the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 16

Admitted.

Complaint ¶ 17

Amazon operates, maintains, and controls the web site *Amazon.com*. Amazon supervises and controls all information contained on its web site *Amazon.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 17

Amazon admits that it operates the website amazon.com. Except as expressly admitted, Amazon denies the allegations in paragraph 17 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 18

This Court has original jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a), and 1338(b) as, among others, Plaintiff brings claims under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq., and the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051, et seq.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 18

Amazon admits that this Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims against Amazon.

Except as expressly admitted, Amazon denies the allegations in paragraph 18 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 19

This Court has supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 19

Denied.

Complaint ¶ 20

Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims made herein occurred in the Eastern District of the State of Michigan and

because the events giving rise to the claim significantly impacted business in the Eastern District of the State of Michigan.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 20

Amazon admits that venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a). Except as so expressly admitted, Amazon denies the remaining allegations in paragraph 20 of the Complaint. For avoidance of doubt, Amazon does not admit that this Court is the most appropriate venue for this litigation and reserves its rights to seek transfer under 28 U.S.C. § 1404.

Complaint ¶ 21

Venue also is proper under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(3) because, if no single District exists in which an action may otherwise be brought, Defendants Champions Press and Fathead reside in the Eastern District of Michigan and are subject to personal jurisdiction of this Court.

Answer to Complaint 21¶

Amazon admits that venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a). Except as so expressly admitted, Amazon denies the remaining allegations in paragraph 21 of the Complaint. For avoidance of doubt, Amazon does not admit that this Court is the most appropriate venue for this litigation and reserves its rights to seek transfer under 28 U.S.C. § 1404.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Complaint ¶ 22

The Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph ("Heisman Pose photo"), taken by plaintiff Brian Masck on November 23, 1991, is one of the most famous photos ever taken of a college athlete. The photograph is synonymous with college football and even has touched off a cultural phenomenon – striking the "Heisman pose." If you search Google Images for "Heisman pose," the result brings up thousands of pictures – including President Obama striking the Heisman pose ¹ – but the first is Brian Masck's Desmond Howard

Heisman Pose photo, even before any images of the actual Heisman Trophy itself.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 22

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 22 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 22, n.1

See below for a photograph of President Obama and others striking the Desmond Howard Heisman Trophy pose.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 22, n.1

Amazon admits that the Complaint contains a photograph of President Obama. Except as expressly admitted, Amazon denies the allegations in paragraph 22, n.1 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 23

With one leg lifted off the ground, Desmond Howard's pose in Masck's famous photograph is somewhat different from the actual stance of the football player depicted in the Heisman Trophy, but most people recreate Howard's stance when they are striking the Heisman pose. Indeed, even President Obama's pose is closer to Howard's stance, despite the fact that when he posed the President was holding the actual Heisman Trophy in his hands. President Obama probably does not know it, but, like so many others, he has been influenced by Brian Masck's photograph of Desmond Howard's Heisman pose.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 23

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 23 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 24

It is the ultimate achievement of a professional photographer's career to have one of his pictures known around the world as a definitive image, as a cultural touchstone. Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photo is iconic. As a digital image, it has gone viral. But few people know that Brian Masck took that photograph, which saddens him. And many companies have made and continue to

make money using the photograph without credit or compensation to Brian Masck, even those, like Defendants, which know or should know that he took it, which disappoints him.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 24

Amazon admits that versions of the image of Desmond Howard found on page 5 of the Complaint are widely available on the Internet. Except as expressly admitted, Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 24 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 25

Brian Masck is proud of his work. He is happy that people appreciate and want to use his photo. And he knows that, in this digital age, he cannot put the genie back in the bottle and completely remove his photograph from the Internet. However, it is within his abilities, and it is his right, to insist through the power of this Court that those who are going to profit from the use of his photograph are held accountable for their actions and provide him both the credit and the compensation he is due.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 25

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 25 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

The Making of the "Heisman Pose" Photograph

Complaint ¶ 26

On November 23, 1991 Brian Masck was an experienced professional photographer.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 26

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 26 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

As a child growing up in Grand Rapids, Michigan, Brian Masck, who was born in 1962, started taking pictures in the third grade. He was inspired by the photography of his father, Edward C. Masck, who took pictures while serving in World War II – in the California desert and at famous sites in Italy. When Brian was a child, his father built a makeshift darkroom in the basement, and Brian's brother took up photography, too. Brian began bringing a camera to school every day, took pictures for his church, and entered photos in his home city's annual art exhibit. In high school, he did some freelance photography for the *Grand Rapids Press*. Of photography, says Brian today, "It's just what I do."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 27

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 27 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 28

In that pre-digital era, he enjoyed the physical act of producing a photograph. He liked to set up the trays and chemicals, watch the image appear, adjust the exposure with his hands, and try different kinds of emulsions and papers to produce different effects. When he headed to college at the University of Michigan in 1980, he started his studies in the art school.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 28

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 28 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 29

But after he got involved with the *Michigan Daily* (the student newspaper on campus) and the *Michiganensian* (the yearbook), Brian began to lean toward photojournalism. Then, at the end of his freshman year, on April 18, 1981, he took a photograph that changed the course of his life.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 29 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 30

Early that morning, Brian was asleep in his dormitory room in Bursley Hall on North Campus, when he heard the fire alarm. He grabbed a camera as he left the building, and he ended up getting a shot of Leo Kelly, Jr. as he was being escorted away from the dorm in handcuffs. Kelly, a fellow student and Bursley Hall resident, had just shot and killed two students in the dorm.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 30

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 30 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 31

The crime made national news and, in hindsight, can be seen as one of the earliest of senseless campus shootings. Kelly threw a Molotov cocktail into a hallway and waited with a shotgun to shoot whatever students emerged when the fire alarm sounded. Afterward, Kelly simply sat in his dorm room until police arrived. Masck, who had already learned to take his camera with him everywhere, was the only photographer on site when Kelly was arrested. And that is why he was able to sell his photograph to the national media.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 31

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 31 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 32

At later meetings of the affected students, organized by the University, Masck heard himself called a villain for allegedly profiting from the tragedy by selling a picture of the perpetrator. He heard his actions called unethical and unconscionable. These reactions stunned him. Just like his fellow students, Brian was shaken by the incident. He was not immune from its horror. But

he also saw a story that needed to be told, and he told it in his way, with his camera. He realized then that he was a photojournalist.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 32

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 32 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 33

The University of Michigan did not offer a journalism major at that time, so Masck studied for and was awarded a degree in General Studies with a focus on economics and sociology, all the while continuing to take pictures everywhere he went. For example, he had a camera with him in Columbus, Ohio, the night before the 1982 Michigan/Ohio State football game. He was there to cover the game for the *Michigan Daily* when he witnessed local police officers becoming violent with someone on the street. When Brian refused to stop taking pictures of the incident, he was arrested, along with the *Daily*'s editor, who was protesting Brian's arrest. All charges were eventually dropped, but you could say Brian, who had just turned 20 years old, was earning his photojournalism credentials.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 33

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 33 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 34

Taking pictures of sports was a regular assignment for Brian in college. "I always liked shooting sports. I was good at it. I had good timing. I sat in the Michigan Stadium stands only once as a student. Every other time I was in Michigan Stadium, I was on the field." He worked most of those Saturdays during football season, either for the *Michigan Daily*, the *Michiganensian*, the *Ann Arbor News*, or the University of Michigan Athletic Department.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 34

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 34 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

After college, Brian moved to Muskegon to become a full-time staff photographer at the *Muskegon Chronicle*. He worked there Monday through Friday, taking whatever assignments his editors gave him. On weekends, on his own time, with the full knowledge and consent of the *Chronicle*, he continued to shoot sports throughout the Midwest, looking to build up his personal portfolio. He shot college football on Saturdays – primarily at Michigan, Michigan State, or Notre Dame – and pro football on Sundays, usually driving to Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago, Green Bay, Cincinnati, or Pittsburgh.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 35

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 35 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 36

He often went to these games as a freelancer, using his *Muskegon Chronicle* press credential to get on the field. This was an accepted practice at the paper. All the journalists there understood and knew that, if the newspaper was not already covering an event, they could use their credentials to attend, and if they got something good, they could perhaps offer it to the paper or to some other place of publication. The editors at the *Chronicle* saw this as a way of building the skills of their staff, and if someone from their paper got a byline in a national magazine like *Sports Illustrated*, that was also a benefit to the newspaper.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 36

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 36 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 37

By the time Brian shot the famous Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photo in 1991, he had been taking pictures professionally for more than ten years. He well understood that great photos come from being prepared, being present, being thoughtful and being bold.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 37 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

By November 23, 1991, Brian Masck was a respected freelance sports photographer.

Complaint ¶ 38

As Brian attempted to build his freelance sports photography into a more sustaining business, he purchased sports specialty photography equipment, built a darkroom in his home, and began to cultivate relationships with national media. "I was more aggressive in my freelance," says Brian, "than many other photographers, who saw weekend sports photography as a sideline to their full-time jobs." He did not.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 38

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 38 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 39

Freelance sports photography is and was a complicated business, with many variations:

- A. Sometimes Brian attended a game on his own initiative, and if he was able to sell one of his photos directly to a magazine, he got sole credit for that picture.
- B. Sometimes Brian was hired by a magazine or newspaper in advance of a game to shoot the game; in that case, the hiring magazine/newspaper shared the photo credit with him on everything that magazine/newspaper published.
- C. Sometimes Brian attended the game on his own and then offered a resulting image, in the form of a slide, to the sports photo agency, for example Allsport USA, a middleman that resold photos to media outlets. If Allsport was in turn able to get one of Brian's pictures published in a magazine or newspaper, Brian shared the photo credit with Allsport.

D. Sometimes Brian was hired by Allsport in advance of a game. In that situation, Allsport paid him a day rate and covered his expenses, and he sent Allsport all the film he took that day. Allsport then developed the film, chose which photos to try to sell to the media, and shared photo credit with Brian.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 39

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 39 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 40

By 1991, Brian had been building his freelance business for five years. His work had been published in newspapers throughout the country, in pre-season preview reports, and in *Sports Illustrated*. A photo he took at a Detroit Lions game won a Pro Football Hall of Fame contest and is still on display at the Hall of Fame in Canton, Ohio. Allsport USA paid for his pictures a few times a season. And *Sports Illustrated* called him on occasion, asking him to supplement the work of its staff photographer who would also be covering a game. "When *Sports Illustrated* is calling *you*, you know that's a milestone," says Brian. "By then, I was trying to decide if I wanted to go full-time with sports photography or stay in journalism."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 40

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 40 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

On November 23, 1991, Desmond Howard was a favorite for the Heisman Trophy.

Complaint ¶ 41

When Desmond Howard arrived on the University of Michigan campus in the fall of 1989, he was a high school football, basketball, and track star from Cleveland, Ohio, with a promising future as a receiver for the Wolverines. By the fall of his junior year at Michigan, he was a college football superstar.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 41 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 42

He was about to become a college football icon.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 42

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 42 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 43

During the second game of the 1991 season, against Notre Dame, Howard made a stunning fourth quarter, fourth down touchdown reception which became known simply as "The Catch." Outrunning two opponents into the end zone, Howard went airborne, horizontally over the ground, as the passed football dropped into his outstretched arms. The Catch assured the Wolverines' victory and ended a four-game losing streak against the Fighting Irish. Although the season was just getting started, experts began seriously mentioning Howard as a potential candidate for that season's Heisman Trophy.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 43

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 43 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 44

The Heisman Trophy, first awarded in 1935, is the highest honor in college football and, as such, is the most notable award in American collegiate athletics. Named after legendary college football coach John Heisman, the trophy is awarded each December to an individual considered the most outstanding college football player in the United States. The winner is chosen by a ballot of selected sports journalists and former Heisman winners. A player who wins the Heisman also brings glory to his school, which is awarded a second trophy.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 44 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 45

The trophy itself is unlike anything else in college sports. The 45-pound bronze statue, designed by sculptor Frank Eliscu, is a lifelike depiction of a football player cradling the ball in his left hand while side-stepping and straight-arming an imaginary tackler. The player's old-fashioned helmet and lack of shoulder pads are reminders of the long history of the Heisman Trophy itself, but the pose of the player is pure football in any era.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 45

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 45 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 46

Before 1991, only one University of Michigan player (Tom Harmon in 1940) had won the Heisman Trophy. By November 1991, with Desmond Howard setting records left and right and getting much-deserved national media coverage, that a second University of Michigan player might become a Heisman Trophy winner was a promising prediction. Under head coach Gary Moeller, the 1991 Wolverines were undefeated in the Big Ten (having lost only one game in the non-conference season, to No. 1-ranked Florida State), and Howard was about to become the first receiver in Big Ten history to lead the conference in scoring. Nationally, he was second in scoring and punt returns, and tenth in receiving.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 46

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 46 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 47

But much more than his records was Desmond Howard's electrifying personality and performance. He wasn't a big player –

just 5'10" tall and 170 pounds light – but he used that slight build to his advantage as he outran opponents, leaped high off the field to catch passes, and seemed to come out of nowhere to complete jaw-dropping plays. And he enjoyed himself, speaking often about his joy in the game and in college life itself.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 47

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 47 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 48

As Michigan and Ohio State fans converged on Michigan Stadium on November 23, 1991, for the last game of the regular season, Desmond Howard was on everybody's minds. He sure was on Brian Masck's mind.

On November 23, 1991, Brian Masck got the shot of a lifetime.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 48

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 48 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 49

That morning, Brian Masck drove from Muskegon to Saginaw to pick up fellow photographer Jeff Schrier. No publication had hired either freelancer to cover the game that day, but Schrier was to use a *Saginaw News* press pass, and Masck had his usual Muskegon *Chronicle* pass. Rain threatened as they drove to Ann Arbor.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 49

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 49 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 50

They talked about what they expected in the game and how they would cover it. They agreed that, because they were not working for anybody that day and no editor would be asking them for an image of each play, they did not have to be on every snap; and they

would not have to position themselves on the line of scrimmage. Brian remembers, "We had looked at the history of the Ohio State-Michigan games. We looked at how they were playing that season. We said that big plays are going to tell the story of this game."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 50

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 50 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 51

They both thought those big plays which would decide the game were probably going to come from Desmond Howard. The two photographers saw the potential for Howard to break free at some point in the game. They also knew Howard was being talked about as the lead candidate for the Heisman Trophy, and they knew that if he did really well in the game, such a performance would likely seal his bid for the Trophy and, to a certain extent, his everlasting fame.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 51

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 51 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 52

Little did either of them anticipate before the game that the foresight, perceptive planning and skill of one of them would facilitate the creation of a college football icon, let alone a broader cultural touchstone.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 52

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 52 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 53

As the game got underway, Brian and Jeff stuck to their strategy. "We played way ahead of the line of scrimmage, of all the action,

because if somebody breaks a big play, that's what's going to be important. And it paid off."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 53

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 53 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 54

With just over four minutes to go in the second quarter of the game, Desmond Howard caught a punt, dodged several defenders, and ran 93 yards for a touchdown. It was the longest punt return in Wolverine history. With 20 yards to go, he knew he was free, and he held his right hand in the air. The fans in Michigan Stadium cheered wildly as Howard crossed into the end zone. Those watching on television heard ABC sportscaster Keith Jackson say, as only he could, "G-o-o-d-b-y-e H-e-l-l-o, Heisman!"

Answer to Complaint ¶ 54

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 54 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 55

Before any players caught up with him, Howard stopped in the end zone, looked toward the stands beyond the goalpost, grinned, took the football in his right hand, bent his left leg, and straightened his left arm out to the side, with his hand lifted in a "stop" position. His was not an exact recreation of the Heisman Trophy, but it was similar enough to be recognized instantly by fans and announcers alike as "the Heisman pose."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 55

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 55 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 56

Howard's pose lasted less than a second. He never even really stopped moving or fully regained his balance in the pose before happy teammates grabbed him in celebration.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 56 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 57

But Brian Masck got the shot. Only Brian Masck got the shot.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 57

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 57 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 58

Even though the punt occurred near the 50-yard line, and the catch occurred near the north end zone, Brian had positioned himself at the other end of the field, near the southwest corner of the south end zone. When Howard arrived to score the touchdown, Brian was there to capture the moment. And the moment he captured was the Heisman Trophy pose. "There's one frame of this," says Brian. "That was my one shot. And it was sharp."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 58

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 58 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 59

Brian was photographing the game with a motor-driven Nikon F3, but he did not motor-drive the touchdown to take as many frames per second as the camera would allow Instead, he manually focused the camera to take each of his shots. Brian explains, "Putting your finger on the motor drive and letting the camera go doesn't make a good picture. A dozen out-of-focus pictures don't do you any good. You gotta be able to focus. . . This [shot] was manually focused. . . The camera was not that fast, and it was a cold day, so the camera was slower yet, because the batteries don't work as well and everything slows down in colder weather. . . Cameras now are practically video cameras with [up to 10 frames per] second, but we weren't there in 1991."

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 59 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 61

Jeff Schrier also got somewhat of a shot of Howard's Heisman Pose, but from a different angle. Jeff was standing about 15 yards from Brian, near the ten yard line. Another professional photographer, Chris Covatta, hired by Getty Images, also photographed the moment. However, no other in the small legion of photographers at the game were then positioned on that south end of the field. "After we made this picture," says Brian, "Jeff and I looked toward the north end of the stadium, and we see forty photographers, as a herd, running this way"

Answer to Complaint ¶ 60

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 60 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 61

Even with the excitement of the big play and his excellent location from which to shoot it, at the time Brian did not imagine that he had just taken one of college football's most iconic images. In fact, he did not at first recognize the Heisman Trophy pose for what it was. He remembers thinking the pose was "kind of a weird celebration. Usually they do something else." In previous games, Howard's typical celebratory stance after a touchdown was to face the stands, feet apart, up on his toes, with the football held aloft in one hand, waiting for his teammates to come celebrate with him.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 61

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 61 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 62

Brian and Jeff left Michigan Stadium that day sometime during the second half because they were worried about near-continuous rain damaging their cameras. Because no one had hired them to cover the game, they did not need to stay to the end of what turned into a welcome rout, with Michigan beating Ohio State by a final score of 31-3. While they were driving back toward Saginaw, they heard on the car radio about Howard striking the Heisman Trophy pose. They both hoped they had gotten that shot.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 62

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 62 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 63

Brian developed his film when he returned home to Muskegon on Sunday. He unrolled the transparency slide film (which was in color, not a negative image). While it was still wet, he held his film up to the light to take a look. He could see right away that he had gotten the Heisman pose. He then grabbed a magnifier to see if the image was sharp. That moment is when Brian felt it in his gut: "This is a big deal," he thought. "Howard is joyously imitating the Heisman Trophy that he's going to win. This is a hot picture." That picture appears immediately below.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 63

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 63 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 64

Brian's photo not only caught Howard's entire body striking the pose, but the angle from which Brian's picture was taken captured what the others did not – the joyful grin on Howard's face, looking even just a bit mischievous, as though he and all who saw him were in on the joy and celebration, and even the laughter, of the priceless moment.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 64

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 64 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Jeff Shrier also caught the pose with his camera, but from an angle that did not get the full facial expression, cut off one of Howard's feet, and simply does not have the same energy and style. Similarly, Chris Covatta's picture from Howard's opposite side cuts off the outstretched hand, shows almost none of the face, and does not really give that same sense of a famous pose being struck. Brian had by far the best shot – really the only shot – as Jeff quickly acknowledged, even agreeing not to compete with Brian in trying to sell the picture nationally, and he has never done so.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 65

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 65 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 66

Nonetheless, there at that moment in his darkroom, even in his excitement over the shot, Brian never would have guessed that his photo would become the very big deal it is today. He could not have imagined, for example, that respected sports journalist John U. Bacon would one day call the image "One of the most famous photos in football history."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 66

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 66 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 67

"You don't know that this is going to go viral in the future," Brian points out. He just knew that, as a sports photographer trying to advance his career, he was holding in his hands the definitive image of that year's college football season.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 67

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 67 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

On December 9, 1991, Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photo was published worldwide in *Sports Illustrated*

Complaint ¶ 68

Brian Masck called *Sports Illustrated* that same Sunday after the game. If the magazine's editors wanted to publish his picture in its next issue, time was of the essence. In those days, before digital imaging, a picture had to be physically delivered from one hand to the next, so if *SI* wanted the picture right away, Brian would need to package the transparency slide and drive it out to the airport for overnight delivery. The magazine's college football photo editor, Jeff Weig, decided they would not run Brian's picture in the next issue, so there was no need for a quick airport trip, but *SI* would like to prospect it for a Heisman preview issue, due out in early December.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 68

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 68 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 61²

Before Brian sent the slide to *Sports Illustrated*, he made a 4 x 5 negative copy of the picture which he intended to use later to produce prints of his picture. This was a step he would not normally take in his work, but Brian was already thinking he could sell prints of such an image, and he wanted to be sure to have a backup if anything should happen to his slide while it was at the magazine. (Brian knew that slides often sustained minor damage in the magazine production process.) With the negative safely in his hands, Brian pasted a typed label onto the slide's cardboard mount stating "Photo © 1991 by Brian Masck", dropped the slide into a plastic sleeve, inserted his business card, and shipped that package off to *Sports Illustrated*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 61 [misnumbered]

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 61 [misnumbered] of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

² The Complaint contains numbering errors here and again at paragraph 154, which result in duplicate numbering for paragraphs 61, 62, and 130–54. For the sake of clarity, Amazon has indicated "[misnumbered]" in its Answer to those duplicate paragraph numbers.

The cover of *Sports Illustrated*'s Heisman Trophy preview issue, dated December 9, 1991, shows a picture of Desmond Howard running down the field under the headline "Runaway." The editors chose two of Masck's photos to accompany the article on the inside of the magazine:

- A. On page 91, Howard is shown in the midst of a diving catch with the photo by-line correctly credited to "Brian Masck/Allsport USA."
- B. On page 92, Masck's Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photo appears, with the photo byline accurately credited to "Brian Masck."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 62 [misnumbered]

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 62 [misnumbered] of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 69

The first photo credited to him was taken by Brian when he was hired by Allsport to cover the Michigan-Michigan State game; thus, they apparently shared the photo credit. Because no one had hired Masck to cover the Michigan-Ohio State game, and because he had sold the resulting picture directly to *Sports Illustrated* without using a middleman like Allsport, Brian did not have to share credit with anyone for his Heisman Pose photo. The image – and the byline credit – were his and his alone.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 69

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 69 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 70

Masck never provided a slide of the Heisman Pose photo to Allsport. He never sent the slide to anyone or any entity other than *Sports Illustrated*. The magazine paid him approximately \$500² for the one-time use of his Heisman Pose photograph in its December 9 issue. As sometimes happened, *Sports Illustrated* never returned his slide of his Heisman Pose photo to Brian. He

did not ask for its return, because he hoped the magazine might run the photo again in a future issue, perhaps for a cover, or special edition, or when Desmond Howard was drafted into the National Football League. Besides, Brian had the negative print he had already made, which negative would be just as useful to him in producing high-quality prints of the photo for his other business purposes.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 70

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 70 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 70, n.2

Brian just does not remember the exact amount.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 70, n.2

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 70, n.2 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 71

In 1992, Brian Masck hired Warner Norcross and Judd to advise him regarding the protection of his photograph. His counsel at that time advised him that, because *Sports Illustrated* had published the photograph and correctly credited it to him in the accompanying byline, his photograph would be fully protected by copyright law. Of course, this was before the advent of the internet and digital scanners. Brian had a negative of the photograph, correct attribution in *Sports Illustrated*, and his counsel had advised him that he was protected by copyright. Consequently, Brian did not register his Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph with the Copyright Office at that time.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 71

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 71 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

In the 1990s, Brian Masck sold a limited number of prints he had made of his Heisman Pose photo.

Complaint ¶ 72

In 1991 and for a few years afterward, Brian himself produced a limited number of prints (in various sizes) of the Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photo for his personal use as a business product. He sold some prints to M-Den (an official University of Michigan memorabilia and athletic clothing store) and some few to other stores that carried University of Michigan merchandise. The stores typically framed the prints and resold them to customers.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 72

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 72 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 73

As an experienced professional photographer, Brian understood that the value of most well-known photographs follows a fairly predictable curve – with high value immediately after the event followed by a steep drop in value after initial interest wanes, and then a slow rise in value as – and if – the image becomes historically or culturally significant. Brian stopped selling the prints a few years after Desmond Howard went pro in order to limit the total number of Heisman Pose prints in the marketplace, with the expectation and hope and belief that prints of his photo would be worth much more in the future.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 73

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 73 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

In 1992, Brian Masck gave a print to the University of Michigan Athletic Department.

Complaint ¶ 74

Brian enjoyed a good relationship with the University of Michigan Athletic Department and its public relations staff. In appreciation, he produced and presented a 16" x 20" framed print of the Heisman Pose photo as a gift to the U-M Athletic Department.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 74 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Desmond Howard went on to have a successful career in pro football.

Complaint ¶ 75

If Desmond Howard had failed to win the Heisman Trophy, or had left college and moved on to a life of obscurity, Brian's photograph might not have had too much life beyond the 1991 football season. But that is obviously not what transpired.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 75

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 75 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 76

Howard did, in fact, win the Heisman Trophy in 1991, by the thensecond largest margin of victory (85% of the first place votes) in the Trophy's history. That same year, Howard was also a unanimous All-America selection, won the Maxwell Award (another "best football player" award), and became the Walter Camp Player of the Year.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 76

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 76 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 77

Howard was the fourth pick in the 1992 National Football League draft and went on to play professional football for eleven years. He was chosen Super Bowl XXXI's Most Valuable Player ("MVP") in 1996 as a member of the Green Bay Packers, and is one of only four men (the others being Roger Staubach, Jim Plunkett, and Marcus Allen) to win the Heisman Trophy and a Super Bowl MVP.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 77 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 78

In 2005, Desmond Howard joined television network ESPN as a college football analyst and member of the College GameDay broadcast crew. In 2010, he was elected to the College Football Hall of Fame.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 78

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 78 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph is a work of art protected by U.S. copyright laws.

Complaint ¶ 79

When Brian Masck clicked his camera on November 23, 1991, all of his choices culminated in an original and creative work of authorship fixed in a tangible medium of expression. His choice of camera equipment and film, his decision to attend the game, his understanding of how to tell a story of a football game, his knowledge of this rivalry and players, his choice to shoot from the south end zone, the shutter speed he used, the successful manual focus, his choice of when to snap open the shutter of his camera, his knowledge of how to develop the film – all of this knowledge, skill, experience, and artistry went into the making of his iconic image.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 79

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 79 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 80

From November 23, 1991 to and through the present day, Brian Masck has owned the copyright on this work. He never sold his copyright of this work.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 80 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 81

On or about 1998, Getty Images purchased a collection of images from Allsport USA. For each image, Getty purchased either the copyright or the right to license.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 81

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 81 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 82

Some of Brian Masck's sports photographs that were produced in connection with Allsport were included in this collection. There is no reason to believe hist the Heisman Pose photo was included in this collection, because Brian never sold or gave a transparency slide or print of the photograph to Allsport USA.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 82

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 82 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 83

On March 13, 2002 Getty Images, after uploading slides to its digital database, returned to Brian Masck a set of his original photography slides that Getty had acquired from Allsport.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 83

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 83 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

These were the slides of the photographs that Brian Masck had shot as a freelance photographer contracting with Allsport. Getty Images did not return the original, nor any other copy, of the Heisman Pose photo slide. The absence of the Heisman Pose slide in the collection that Getty Images returned did not alarm Brian Masck, nor should it have, because Brian Masck had never sent the Heisman Pose photo slide to Allsport. As a matter of fact, looked at in retrospect, its absence, had he considered it, would have reassured Brian that nobody else had one of his images. At the time, Brian had no knowledge whatever that Getty possessed either an unauthorized copy of the Heisman Pose photo slide or even so much as an unauthorized print.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 84

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 84 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 85

On May 2, 2005 Getty Images uploaded the Heisman Pose photograph to its digital asset management system. The following picture appeared.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 85

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 85 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 86

In so doing, Getty Images unlawfully reproduced a copy of Brian's Heisman Pose photograph. Getty Images did not credit Brian Masck as the photographer, did not designate him as the entity to be credited, and did not list him as owner of the copyright. Getty Images inaccurately and unlawfully listed "Getty Images/Staff" in the "Photographer" line of the database, inaccurately and unlawfully listed "Getty Images" on the "Credit" line of the database, and inaccurately and unlawfully listed "1991 Getty Images" on the "Copyright" line of the database.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 86 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 87

Brian Masck does not know how Getty Images came to possess the photograph, either as a transparency slide or as a print. He had never provided Getty Images with a slide or print of his Heisman Pose photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 87

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 87 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 88

After May 2, 2005 and at least until September 2, 2011, Getty Images unlawfully sold, for a profit, licenses of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph to customers of Getty Images.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 88

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 88 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 89

Getty Images did so without providing any credit or compensation to Brian Masck. In its agreements with customers, Getty Images unlawfully licensed the use of the digital file it had unlawfully created of the Heisman Pose photograph. These agreements required customers to pay Getty Images for a one-time use or multiple uses of the image. Some customers used the image to pursue commercial enterprises of their own, whether to sell prints of the image, to create products with the image, to display the image on commercial web sites, to display the image in online, print, or television advertising; or other commercial uses.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 89 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 90

In 2005, EA Sports contracted with Brian Masck to license the Heisman Pose photo for use in its video game, *EA Sports NCAA College Football 2006*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 90

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 90 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 91

EA Sports paid Brian \$8000 to use his photograph in *EA Sports NCAA College Football 2006* and in the packaging and related marketing of this product. EA Sports knew that Brian Masck was the photographer and copyright holder for the Heisman Pose photo and properly credited and compensated him for use of his photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 91

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 91 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 92

On June 9, 2010 Brian was walking through the Flint, Michigan, Sam's Club Store when he came upon a display including an unauthorized reproduction of his Heisman Pose photo in a grouping of framed athletic memorabilia for sale. This unauthorized reproduction bore the logo of Photo File.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 92

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 92 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Further research showed that Photo File, which describes itself as a "leading manufacturer of sports photography," had created unauthorized reproductions of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph. In addition to stock for retail stores, Photo File sold unauthorized reproductions of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph on its web site. Photo File did not consult with, credit, or compensate Brian Masck as the photographer and copyright owner of his photograph. Photo File inaccurately and unlawfully placed its own mark on Brian's picture.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 93

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 93 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 94

On October 18, 2010, and again on August 21, 2011, *Sports Illustrated* published an unauthorized full-page reproduction of the Heisman Pose photograph as part of a two-page advertising spread for Nissan automobiles. The 2011 ad appeared in *Sports Illustrated*'s college football preview issue. Neither advertisement credited Brian Masck for his Heisman Pose photo, and Brian was never consulted about nor compensated for this use of his photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 94

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 94 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 95

On August 15, 2011, Brian discussed the sale of the Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph with Desmond Howard's agent, Ward Headley. Over email, Mr. Headley invited Brian Masck to ballpark a price he would consider for sale of his copyright of the Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 95 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 96

On August 18, 2011 Brian Masck met Desmond Howard personally, at Howard's request, to discuss both past and future uses of Brian's Heisman Pose photo. During that meeting, Desmond told Brian that the Heisman Trophy pose is still the thing people ask him about most, even twenty years later. Brian told Desmond the story of creating his photograph. They discussed the sale of Brian Masck's copyright of his Heisman Pose photograph to Desmond Howard. These talks were incomplete and inconclusive.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 96

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 96 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 97

Following their face to face meeting, Brian and Desmond continued negotiating the sale of the copyright of the Heisman Pose photograph. Brian Masck proposed a price range between \$200,000 and \$300,000 for his copyright. Desmond Howard never proposed a figure. Desmond Howard did not purchase Brian Masck's copyright of the Heisman Pose photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 97

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 97 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 98

On or about August 31, 2011, the United States Copyright Office certified Brian Masck's registration of his Heisman Pose photograph. The United States Copyright Office assigned the photograph registration number VA 1-797-474. The effective registration date of the copyright is August 31, 2011.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 98 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 99

On or about September 10, 2011 Champions Press published an unauthorized reproduction of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photo in a coffee-table-style biography of Desmond Howard, entitled *I Wore 21: The Legend of Desmond Howard*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 99

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 99 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 100

Shortly before publication of the book, on August 31, 2011, Brian Masck and Desmond Howard spoke via telephone in a conference call which also included Patrick McCarthy (Brian Masck's counsel at the time) and Richard Hewlett (Desmond Howard and Champions Press's counsel at the time). During the call, Masck asked Howard and Hewlett whether an unauthorized reproduction of Masck's Heisman Pose photo was in the forthcoming book, *I Wore 21*. Howard and Hewlett declined to compare Masck's Heisman Pose photograph with the photographs they knew were to be used in *I Wore 21*. When Masck bought a copy of the by then published book, he found his exact Heisman Pose photo printed on page 81. Masck was never consulted, asked for, credited, nor compensated for this use of his photo.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 100

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 100 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 101

The home page of Desmond Howard's official web site (*Desmondhoward.com*) contains an unauthorized reproduction of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph. Desmond Howard has

never credited or compensated Brian Masck for this use of his photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 101

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 101 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 102

The biographical information section of Desmond Howard's website also contains an unauthorized reproduction of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph, depicted below.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 102

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 102 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 103

The photograph Desmond Howard used as the source of his image on his website came from Brian Masck in the following way. In 2011, Brian Masck had altered the Heisman Pose photograph ever so slightly, so he could track unauthorized use of his photograph. He added two tells to the photograph. First, he removed the branding from the glove on Desmond Howard's right hand. Second, he extended the lettering on the football. These small alterations do not appear to the untrained eye, but assist Brian Masck in tracking infringing uses of his photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 103

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 103 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 104

In 2012 Brian Masck and Desmond Howard again discussed the sale of Brian Masck's copyright and possible related joint business ventures. One such proposed venture was a joint e-commerce website through which Brian Masck and Desmond Howard would sell signed prints of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph and other premium products related to that iconic photograph. In

August 2012, at Howard's request, Brian sent sample prints of the Heisman Pose photograph to Desmond. To protect his copyright of this image, Brian sent prints which contained the tells of infringement, as noted above. Desmond Howard neither purchased the copyright nor did he partner with Brian Masck in any of their discussed joint business ventures. However, Desmond Howard did publish Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph with the tells on his website. Desmond Howard did not credit or compensate Brian Masck, nor did he have Brian Masck's permission to so publish Brian's photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 104

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 104 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 105

Desmond Howard is expected to soon launch the e-commerce portion of his website, entitled "Desmond's Store." The logo for "Desmond's Store" is a t-shirt with a cartoon image of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph. As Brian writes, "Desmond is following the same business plan I suggested we pursue together. . . . only he's doing it on his own site."

Answer to Complaint ¶ 105

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 105 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 106

Fathead, a company that produces life-size, wall-adhering graphics, also unlawfully published and sold unauthorized copies of Brian Masck's Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph. It did so in the form of a "fathead" – a life-size and sometimes other-sized adhesive sticker of Desmond Howard created by copying Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph. Fathead did not credit nor compensate Brian Masck for its copying the Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph to create the Desmond Howard fathead. Instead, Fathead included its own logo with the adhesive image.

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 106 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 107

On or about January 9, 2012 *Sports Illustrated* yet again published an unauthorized full-page reproduction of the Heisman Pose photograph as part of a two-page advertising spread for Nissan automobiles. The advertisement did not credit Brian Masck for his Heisman Pose photo, and Brian Masck was never consulted about nor compensated for this use of his photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 107

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 107 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 108

Sports Illustrated has also published Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph on its websites SI.com and SIKids.com, without Brian Masck's authorization. Sports Illustrated confuses the credit of the photograph by listing "Brian Masck/Getty Images" in the byline. Brian Masck has not been compensated for this unlawful use of his photograph. He does not know whether Getty Images has been compensated.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 108

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 108 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 109

On September 21, 2012, Brian Masck informed Amazon.com via e-mail that it was selling unauthorized reproductions of his Heisman Pose photograph, and that through such sales, Amazon.com was infringing on his copyright. As of the date of this Complaint, Amazon.com continues to list for sale unauthorized reproductions of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph. Amazon.com has never consulted with, credited nor compensated Brian Masck for its sale of these products.

Amazon admits that it received an email from Plaintiff on September 21, 2012. Amazon denies that the email identified Plaintiff as the owner of a copyright in the "Heisman Pose" photograph or in any other photograph. To the best of its knowledge, Amazon has removed all links to allegedly unauthorized reproductions of what Plaintiff calls the "Heisman Photo" from its website. Amazon therefore denies that it continues to list for sale allegedly unauthorized reproductions of the photo. Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 109 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 110

As of the date of this Complaint, Walmart continues to sell unauthorized reproductions of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph on its website walmart.com. Walmart has never consulted with, credited nor compensated Brian Masck for these products.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 110

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 110 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

The Impact of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose Photo in Popular Culture

Complaint ¶ 111

Brian Masck's photograph has become an iconic image.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 111

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 111 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

In the 21 years since Brian Masck shot the Heisman Pose photograph, the concept of the "Heisman pose" entered popular consciousness. When Desmond Howard assumed the pose in that 1991 game, his act was an edgy thing to do, not only to be predicting his own win of the Heisman Trophy but to appear to be good-naturedly teasing the Trophy's pose itself. Since then, striking the Heisman pose is a college football player and fan tradition, and the concept has even extended far beyond college football.

The Heisman pose has become a celebratory stance, a pose struck by athletes in other sports, a source of humorous parody, and a pose of strength re-purposed in other fields (such as an image of a pastor in the pose with a Bible instead of a football). Even President Barack Obama and First Lady Michelle Obama have been photographed doing the Heisman pose.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 112

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 112 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 113

In April 2012, more than two decades after Desmond Howard first struck the pose and Brian Masck took his picture doing it, Adam Jacobi, a football writer for the online sports magazine *Bleacher Report*, recently revisited the moment in an online post: "That Heisman pose became one of the most indelible, iconic images of the last few decades of college football. . But just how universal has it become? Howard didn't even strike the pose *correctly*, – the actual Heisman Trophy has both feet down – but it became the pose everyone does anyway. Look at the Google Image Search for 'Heisman Pose,' and all the legs up. That's cultural currency." In other words, people are not recreating the pose of the actual Trophy; they are recreating Howard's version of the pose, as best captured for the public's imagination and memory by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 113

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 113 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 113, n.3

http://bleacherreport.com/articles/1135607-classic-big-ten-football-ohio-state-at-michigan-1991 (April 6, 2012)

Answer to Complaint ¶ 113, n.3

The information contained in paragraph 113, n.3 of the Complaint is not an allegation and does not require a response from Amazon.

Complaint ¶ 114

The *Bleacher Report* post includes Brian Masck's photograph (unlawfully uncredited). Brian Masck's photograph has created the "cultural currency" Jacobi correctly describes. Without this perfect shot, from this particular angle, the concept of the Heisman pose most likely would never have gained the resonance and cultural momentum it has today.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 114

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 114 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 115

During the 2012 college football season, the Big Ten Conference ran a commercial that consisted of iconic images of the conference's athletes, both past and present. The Big Ten's commercial features Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph. Even now, more than two decades after Brian created that photograph, it remains one of the Big Ten's defining images.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 115

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 115 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 116

While this case was being investigated and evaluated, an unauthorized and uncredited copy of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph, affixed to a plaque, was even spotted for sale in a strip

mall at the Bread Basket Deli near Ann Arbor. In a small display of local sports plaques, standing next to the counter where people were ordering corned beef and pastrami sandwiches, was Brian Masck's career achievement, on sale without his knowledge or consent, for \$19.99. If you can buy his photo at a storefront deli, where can't you buy it?

Answer to Complaint ¶ 116

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 116 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 117

Perhaps it could be argued that if Brian Masck's photograph had not gone viral, it would not have become an iconic image. But this case is not about a photograph going viral. It is about getting credit, and the bruising inimical to it. And yes, it is also about the money which businesses and individuals that knowingly used and apparently intend to use Brian's photograph to make for themselves.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 117

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 117 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

The Impact of Infringement on Brian Masck

Complaint ¶ 118

Brian Masck has suffered grievous harms.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 118

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 118 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 119

Defendants have deprived him of the opportunity to be compensated for his work and for the iconic image he created. Each time any of the Defendants make an unauthorized publication

or sale of Brian Masck's Heisman Pose photograph, they deny Brian Masck an opportunity to enjoy the recognition and the financial rewards of his copyrighted creation. For example, every single license agreement to use the photograph that Getty and Photo File have sold to others rightfully belongs only to Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 119

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 119 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them. Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 119 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 120

As described, Brian Masck once considered selling the copyright of the photograph to Desmond Howard and teaming with him on various business ventures. But the prevalence of pirated copies of the photograph, due largely in part to the acts of Defendants, including Howard himself, likely prevented Brian from enjoying such a sale and partnership.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 120

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 120 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them. Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 120 of the Complaint and therefore denies them

Complaint ¶ 121

Defendants have unjustly gorged themselves on the fruit of Brian Masck's artistic creativity and have deprived him of his share. This iconic photograph increased the visibility of *Sports Illustrated*'s and Nissan's advertisements, it sold Fatheads, and it sold copies of *I Wore 21*. Amazon and Walmart benefitted from sales of the photograph on their web sites and the traffic to their web sites due to their sales of Brian's photograph. It has increased the visibility of and added cultural currency to Desmond Howard's web site. If the striking of the pose remains the thing that people continue to ask Desmond Howard the most about, then what would *Desmondhoward.com* be without the Heisman Pose photograph? These were all business opportunities that Defendants unjustly deprived Brian Masck from taking part in.

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 121 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them. Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 121 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 122

But to only evaluate the harm done to Brian from an economic perspective misses the truest mark. When, in his darkroom at home the Sunday after the game, Brian first saw the image of his Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph, he knew he had taken the picture that would define the 1991 college football season. He was proud, and justifiably so, of his good work. Later that year *Sports Illustrated* properly credited Brian for the Desmond Howard Heisman Pose photograph which appeared in its December 9, 1991 issue.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 122

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 122 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 123

Since then, these various intellectual property pirates who are Defendants in this case have taken a business crowbar to that byline and have pried Brian Masck's name away from his iconic photograph. They have separated him from his work. The Heisman pose and Brian's iconic photograph which captured it have both gone viral. The name Brian Masck has not. Defendants have deprived him of the opportunity to be recognized as the author of this iconic photograph. They have denied him credit for his work. This damages Brian Masck's reputation. This hurts Brian personally, causing him enormous distress and frustration.

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 123 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them. Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 123 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Complaint ¶ 124

In fact, walking into Sam's that day near his home was the last straw emotionally, leading Brian to the course which, for lack of any other effective alternative, results in this case.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 124

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 124 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

COUNT I: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against SI)

Complaint ¶ 125

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 125

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 126

Brian Masck has a valid federal copyright registration for the Desmond Howard Heisman Pose Photograph ("Registered Photograph") (Registration #VA 1-797-474), and has exclusive ownership and exclusive rights to use his copyright.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 126

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Because SI licensed Brian Masck's Registered Photograph in for use in a December 1991 issue of its printed magazine, SI had access to the Registered Work.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 127

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 128

SI directly copied the Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph in the infringing marketing materials in its October 18, 2010 issue. Alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between the Registered Photograph and the infringing marketing materials SI published in its October 18, 2010 issue.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 128

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 129

SI directly copied the Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph within the infringing marketing materials in its August 21, 2011 issue. Alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and the infringing marketing materials SI published in its August 21, 2011 issue.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 129

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 130

SI directly copied Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph in the infringing marketing materials in is January 9, 2012 issue. Alternatively,

strong similarities probative of copying exist between the Registered Photograph and the infringing marketing materials SI published in its January 9, 2012 issue.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 130

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 131

Direct evidence of copying, and alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between the Registered Photograph and SI's infringing photograph it has published on its websites *SI.com* and *SIKids.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 131

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 132

Through its publication of directly copied or substantially similar marketing materials and directly copied photograph, SI has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 132

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 133

SI has profited from its infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 134

SI, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 134

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 135

SI's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 135

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 136

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease SI's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 136

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 137

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of SI's infringing materials as well all additional

items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 137

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 138

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and SI's profits related to SI's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 138

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 139

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 139

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT II: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Nissan)

Complaint ¶ 140

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 140

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Because Nisan partnered with SI, which had previously licensed the Registered Photograph, to publish the infringing marketing materials, it had access to Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 141

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 142

Nissan directly copied the Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph of the infringing marketing materials Nissan published in the October 18, 2010 issue of *Sports Illustrated*. Alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between the Registered Photograph and the infringing marketing materials Nissan published in the October 18, 2010 issue of *Sports Illustrated*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 142

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 143

Nissan directly copied the Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph of the infringing marketing materials Nissan published in the August 21, 2011 issue of *Sports Illustrated*. Alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between the Registered Photograph and the infringing marketing materials Nissan published in the August 21, 2011 issue of *Sports Illustrated*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 143

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Nissan directly copied Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph of the infringing marketing materials Nissan published in the January 9, 2012 issue of *Sports Illustrated*, Alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and the infringing marketing materials Nissan published in the January 9, 2012 issue of *Sports Illustrated*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 144

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 145

Through its publication of its directly copied or substantially similar marketing materials,

Answer to Complaint ¶ 145

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 146

Nissan has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 146

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 147

Nissan has profited from its infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 148

Nissan, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 148

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 149

Nissan's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 149

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 150

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Nissan's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 150

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 151

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Nissan's infringing materials as well all

additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 151

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 152

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Nissan's profits related to Nissan's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 152

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 153

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 153

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT III: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Getty)

Complaint ¶ 154

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 154

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Getty directly copied Brian Masck's Registered Photograph by publishing the Registered Photograph on its website without authorization from Plaintiff. Alternatively, strong similarities probative of copying exist between Getty's image and the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 130 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 131

Getty sold unauthorized licenses of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 131 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 132

Through its publication of the Registered Photograph and its sale of licenses of the Registered Photograph, Getty has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 132 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 133

Getty has profited from its infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 133 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Getty, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 134 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 135

Getty's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 135 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 136

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Getty's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 136 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 137

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Getty's infringing materials as well all additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 137 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 138

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Getty's profits related to Getty's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 138 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 139

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 139 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT IV: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Champions Press)

Complaint ¶ 140

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 140 [misnumbered]

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 141

Champions Press had access to Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 141 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 142

Champions Press directly copied Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph in its book *I Wore 21*. Alternatively, similarities probative of copying exist between Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and the infringing photograph of Desmond Howard that Champions Press published in its book *I Wore 21*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 142 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 143

Through its publication of the Registered Photograph, Champions Press has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 143 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 144

Champions Press has profited from its infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 144 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Champions Press, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 145 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 146

Champions Press's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 146 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 147

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Champions Press's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 147 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 148

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Champions Press's infringing materials as well all additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 148 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 149

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Champions Press's profits related to Champions Press's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 149 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 150

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 150 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT V: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Desmond Howard)

Complaint ¶ 151

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 151 [misnumbered]

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 152

Desmond Howard had access to Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 152 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 153

Desmond Howard directly copied the Registered Photograph and published an unauthorized copy of the photograph on his website *Desmondhoward.com*. Alternatively, similarities probative of copying exist between the Registered Photograph and the infringing photograph of Desmond Howard that Desmond Howard published on his website *Desmondhoward.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 153 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 154

Through his publication of the Registered Photograph, Desmond Howard has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 154 [misnumbered]

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 155

Desmond Howard has profited from his infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 155

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Desmond Howard, through his infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 156

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 157

Desmond Howard's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 157

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 158

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Desmond Howard's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 158

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 159

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Desmond Howard's infringing materials as well all additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 160

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Desmond Howard's profits related to Desmond Howard's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 160

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 161

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 161

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT VI: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Photo File)

Complaint ¶ 162

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 162

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 163

Photo File had access to Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 164

Photo File directly copied the Registered Photograph, published an unauthorized copy on its website *Photofile.com*, and sold unauthorized copies of the Registered Photograph. Alternatively, similarities probative of copying existing between Photo File's photograph and the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 164

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 165

Through its publication and sale of the Registered Photograph, Photo File has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 165

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 166

Photo File has profited from its infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 166

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 167

Photo File, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 167

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 168

Photo File's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 168

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 169

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Photo File's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 169

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 170

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Photo File's infringing materials as well all additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 170

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Photo File's profits related to Photo File's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 171

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 172

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 172

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT VII: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Fathead)

Complaint ¶ 173

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs

Answer to Complaint ¶ 173

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 174

Fathead had access to Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 174

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Fathead directly copied the Registered Photograph, published an unauthorized copy of the Registered Photograph on its website Fathead.com, and sold unauthorized copies of the Registered Photograph as a fathead.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 175

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 176

Alternatively, Fathead created an unauthorized derivative work based on the Registered Photograph, and published and sold copies of the unauthorized derivative work on its website Fathead.com.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 176

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 177

Through its publication and sale of the Registered Photograph or the unauthorized derivative work based on the Registered Photograph, Fathead has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 177

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 178

Fathead has profited from its infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 179

Fathead, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 179

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 180

Fathead's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 180

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 181

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Fathead's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 181

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 182

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Fathead's infringing materials as well all

additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 182

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 183

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Fathead's profits related to Fathead's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 183

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 184

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 184

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT VIII: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Amazon)

Complaint ¶ 185

Brian Masck incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 185

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Amazon has allowed merchants including, but not limited to Authentic Sports Collectibles Inc., AAA Sports Memorabilia LLC, Sports Memorabilia LLC, Athlon Sports Collectibles Inc. to publish for sale and to sell identical or substantially similar copies of Brian Masck's Registered Work.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 186

Amazon admits that third-party merchants Authentic Sports Collectibles Inc., AAA Sports Memorabilia LLC, Sports Memorabilia LLC, and on Sports Collectibles Inc. listed digital versions of what appear to be copies of what Plaintiff calls the "Heisman Photo" for sale on the Amazon e-commerce platform. Except as expressly admitted, Amazon denies the allegations in paragraph 186 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 187

These merchants' publications for sale and sales of identical or substantially similar copies of the Registered Work has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 187

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations regarding third-party merchants in paragraph 187 of the Complaint and therefore denies them. To the extent the allegations in paragraph 187 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them.

Complaint ¶ 188

Amazon has the right and ability to supervise the content of its website Amazon.com.

Plaintiff did not oppose Amazon's Motion to Dismiss (Dkt. 49) as to Plaintiff's vicarious copyright infringement claim, and the Court dismissed that claim (Dkt. 69). Therefore, no response is required. The allegations in paragraph 188 are nevertheless denied.

Complaint ¶ 189

Amazon has enjoyed a direct financial benefit from the merchants' infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photo Amazon has enjoyed a direct financial benefit from the merchants' infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photo via its website Amazon.com.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 189

Plaintiff did not oppose Amazon's Motion to Dismiss (Dkt. 49) as to Plaintiff's vicarious copyright infringement claim, and the Court dismissed that claim (Dkt. 69). Therefore, no response is required. The allegations in paragraph 189 are nevertheless denied.

Complaint ¶ 190

In addition, Amazon received notice from Brian Masck on September 21, 2012 of its infringing actions. Amazon has knowledge of its merchants' infringing actions.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 190

Amazon admits that it received an email from Plaintiff on September 21, 2012. Except as expressly admitted, Amazon denies the allegations in paragraph 190 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 191

As of the drafting of this complaint, Amazon continues to permit merchants to publish infringing copies of the Registered Work for sale on Amazon.com.

To the best of its knowledge, Amazon has removed all links to allegedly unauthorized reproductions of what Plaintiff calls the "Heisman Photo" from its website. Except as expressly admitted, Amazon denies the allegations in paragraph 191 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 192

Amazon has materially contributed to the infringing conduct of its merchants by continuing to allow the merchants to publish for sale unauthorized copies of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 192

The allegations in paragraph 192 contain legal conclusions, and they are therefore denied.

Complaint ¶ 193

Amazon has profited from its vicarious and contributory infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 193

The Court has dismissed Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for vicarious copyright infringement (Dkt. 69). Amazon denies all other allegations in paragraph 193 of the Complaint.

Complaint ¶ 194

Amazon, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 194

Denied.

Complaint ¶ 195

Amazon's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

The allegations in paragraph 195 contain legal conclusions, and they are therefore denied.

Complaint ¶ 196

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Amazon's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 196

Denied.

Complaint ¶ 197

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Amazon's infringing materials as well all additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 197

Denied.

Complaint ¶ 198

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Amazon's profits related to Amazon's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 198

Denied.

Complaint ¶ 199

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 199

Denied.

COUNT IX: COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (Against Walmart)

Complaint ¶ 200

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 200

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 201

Walmart has allowed merchants including, but not limited to Pro Team, Inc. to publish for sale and to sell identical or substantially similar copies of Brian Masck's Registered Work.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 201

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 202

These merchants' publications for sale and sales of identical or substantially similar copies of the Registered Work has infringed Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 202

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 203

Walmart has the right and ability to supervise the content of its website *Walmart.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 203

Walmart has enjoyed a direct financial benefit from the merchants' infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Work via its website *Walmart.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 204

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 205

Walmart has profited from its vicarious and contributory infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 205

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 206

Walmart, through its infringement, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 206

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 207

Walmart's acts of infringement are not protected through any exceptions of the Copyright Act.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 207

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Brian Masck is entitled to temporary and final injunctive relief to cease Walmart's infringement of Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 208

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 209

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 503, Brian Masck is entitled to an order impounding all of Walmart's infringing materials as well all additional items that infringe Brian Masck's copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 209

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 210

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, Brian Masck, at his election, is entitled to either his actual damages and Walmart's profits related to Walmart's infringement, or statutory damages.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 210

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 211

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Brian Masck is entitled to costs and attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 211

COUNT X: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION – UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against SI and Nissan)

Complaint ¶ 212

Brian Masck incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 212

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 213

SI and Nissan, through their marketing materials, have published a direct and identical copy or a substantially similar copy of Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 213

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 214

SI and Nissan have inaccurately and unlawfully failed to credit Brian Masck as the photographer and copyright owner of the photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 214

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 215

SI and Nissan have caused confusion as to the origin of the Registered Photograph by misrepresenting to actual and potential purchasers that the infringing photograph depicted in their marketing materials belongs to either SI or Nissan, or both.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 216

In addition, SI and Nissan have caused actual and potential purchasers to believe that SI and Nissan's use of the infringing and uncredited Registered Photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 216

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 217

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, SI and Nissan have unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 217

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 218

SI and Nissan have profited from such unfair competition.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 218

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 219

SI and Nissan, through their unfair competition, have caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 220

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, SI and Nissan's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 220

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT XI: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION - UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against SI)

Complaint ¶ 221

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 221

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 222

SI has published a direct and identical, or substantially similar, copy of Brian Masck's Registered Photograph on its websites *SI.com* and *SIKids.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 222

SI has inaccurately and unlawfully credited Getty Images as the photographer in addition to crediting Brian Masck as the photographer of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 223

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 224

SI has caused website viewers to believe that SI's use of the infringing Registered Photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 224

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 225

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, SI has unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 225

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 226

SI has profited from such unfair competition.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 226

SI, through its unfair competition, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 227

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 228

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, SI's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 228

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT XII: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION - UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against Getty)

Complaint ¶ 229

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 229

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 230

Getty has published a direct and identical, or substantially similar, copy of Brian Masck's Registered Photograph and Getty has sold unauthorized licenses of the Registered Photograph.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 231

Getty has caused confusion as to the origin of the Registered Photograph by misrepresenting to actual and potential purchasers that the infringing photograph that it published and sold licenses of belonged to Getty, that an employee of Getty was the photographer, that Getty deserved credit for the photograph, and that Getty is the copyright holder.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 231

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 232

In addition, Getty has caused actual and potential purchasers to believe that Getty's use of the infringing and uncredited Registered photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 232

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 233

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, Getty has unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 233

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 234

Getty has profited from such unfair competition.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 235

Getty, through its unfair competition, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 235

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 236

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, Getty's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 236

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

<u>COUNT XIII: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION –</u> UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against Champions Press)

Complaint ¶ 237

Brian Masck incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 237

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Champions Press has published a direct and identical, or alternatively, a substantially similar, copy of the Registered Photograph in its book *I Wore 21*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 238

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 239

Champions Press has inaccurately and unlawfully failed to credit Brian Masck as the photographer and copyright owner in *I Wore* 21.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 239

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 240

Champions Press has sold copies of *I Wore 21* containing the unaccredited Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 240

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 241

Champions Press has caused confusion as to the origin of the Registered Photograph by misrepresenting to actual and potential purchasers that it lawfully acquired the infringing photograph depicted in *I Wore 21* through a source other than Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 241

In addition, Champions Press has caused actual and potential purchasers to believe that Champions Press's use of the infringing and uncredited Registered Photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 242

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 243

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, Champions Press has unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 243

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 244

Champions Press has profited from such unfair competition.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 244

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 245

Champions Press, through its unfair competition, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 245

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, Champions Press's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 246

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

<u>COUNT 14: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION –</u> <u>UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against Desmond Howard)</u>

Complaint ¶ 247

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 247

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 248

Desmond Howard has published a direct and identical, or alternatively, a substantially similar, copy of the Registered Photograph on his web site *Desmondhoward.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 248

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 249

Desmond Howard has inaccurately and unlawfully failed to credit Brian Masck as the photographer and copyright owner on his website.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 250

Desmond Howard has caused confusion as to the origin of the Registered Photograph by misrepresenting to web site viewers that the infringing photograph depicted on *Desmondhoward.com* belongs to Desmond Howard.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 250

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 251

In addition, Desmond Howard has caused website viewers to believe that his use of the infringing and uncredited Registered Photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 251

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 252

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, Desmond Howard has unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 252

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 253

Desmond Howard has profited from such unfair competition.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 254

Desmond Howard, through his unfair competition, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 254

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 255

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, Desmond Howard's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 255

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

<u>COUNT XV: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION –</u> <u>UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against Photo File)</u>

Complaint ¶ 256

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 256

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Photo File has published for sale and sold direct and identical, or substantially similar, copies of the Registered Photograph on its website Photofile.com.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 257

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 258

Photo File branded its infringing copies it published for sale and sold with its logo.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 258

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 259

Photo File has inaccurately and unlawfully failed to credit Brian Masck as the photographer and copyright owner of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 259

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 260

Photo File, through the use of its logo, has caused confusion as to the origin of the Registered Photograph by misrepresenting to actual and potential purchasers that the infringing photograph belongs to Photo File.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 260

In addition, Photo File has caused actual and potential purchasers to believe that Photo File's use of the infringing and uncredited Registered Photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 261

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 262

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, Photo File has unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 262

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 263

Photo File has profited from such unfair competition.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 263

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 264

Photo File through its unfair competition, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 264

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, Photo File's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 265

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

<u>COUNT 16: LANHAM ACT VIOLATION –</u> UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against Fathead)

Complaint ¶ 266

Brian Masck incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 266

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 267

Fathead has published for sale and sold direct and identical copies of the Registered Photograph on its website *Fathead.com*. Alternatively, Fathead has published for sale and sold unauthorized derivative works based on the Registered Photograph on its website *Fathead.com*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 267

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 268

Fathead branded its infringing copies, or derivative works, it published for sale and sold with its logo.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 269

Fathead has inaccurately and unlawfully failed to credit Brian Masck as the photographer and copyright owner of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 269

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 270

Fathead, through the use of its logo, has caused confusion as to the origin of the Registered Photograph by misrepresenting to actual and potential purchasers that the infringing photograph belongs to Fathead.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 270

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 271

In addition, Fathead has caused actual and potential purchasers to believe that Fathead's use of the infringing and uncredited Registered Photograph is authorized, sponsored or approved by Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 271

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1125, Fathead has unfairly competed against Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 272

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 273

Fathead has profited from such unfair competition.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 273

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 274

Fathead, through its unfair competition, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 274

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 275

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1117, Brian Masck is entitled to damages, Fathead's profits, and the costs of the action.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 275

COUNT 17: MICHIGAN CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT VIOLATION – UNFAIR COMPETITION (Against SI, Nissan, Getty, Champions Press, Desmond Howard, Photo File, and Fathead)

Complaint ¶ 276

Brian Masck incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 276

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 277

Defendants, and each of them, through their respective copying, publication, sale, and use of own logos, have caused a probability of confusion or misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, approval, and certification of Brian Masck's Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 277

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 278

Defendants, and each of them, pursuant to Mich. Comp. Laws § 445.903, have unfairly competed against Brian Masck. Defendants have profited from such unfair competition.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 278

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 279

Defendants, and each of them, through their unfair competition, have caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 280

Pursuant to Mich. Comp. Laws § 445.911, Brian Masck is entitled to an injunction preventing Defendants, and each of them, from engaging in such unfair competition, his actual damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 280

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

COUNT XVIII: TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH A BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP (Against Champions Press)

Complaint ¶ 281

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 281

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 282

In discussing the sale of the copyright of the Registered Photograph, Brian Masck and Desmond Howard had a business relationship.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 282

On August 18, 2011 Desmond Howard met Brian Masck and expressed interest in purchasing Brian Masck's copyright of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 283

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 284

On August 31, 2011 Brian Masck participated in a conference call with Patrick McCarthy, Desmond Howard, and Richard Hewlett. Patrick McCarthy represented Brian Masck and Richard Hewlett represented Desmond Howard and Champions Press. Brian expressed his concern that Champions Press was about to publish *I Wore 21* containing the Registered Photograph without purchasing the right to use the Registered Photograph. Desmond Howard and Richard Hewlett declined to compare the Registered Photograph with the pictures to be published in *I Wore 21*.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 284

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 285

On or about September 10, 2011 Champions Press published an unauthorized reproduction of the Registered Photograph in *I Wore* 21.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 285

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 286

After the publication of the unauthorized reproduction of the Registered Photograph in *I Wore 21*, Desmond Howard did not purchase Brian Masck's copyright.

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 287

Champions Press, in acting as publisher for Desmond Howard's biography, *I Wore 21*, and in sharing the same attorney with Desmond Howard, knew of Desmond Howard's interest in purchasing Brian Masck's copyright of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 287

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 288

Champions Press intended, by publishing an unauthorized reproduction of the Registered Photograph, to interfere with Brian Masck's business relationship with Desmond Howard.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 288

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 289

Alternatively, Champions Press knew that it was a substantially certain outcome that, by publishing an unauthorized reproduction of the Registered Photograph, it would interfere with Brian Masck's business relationship with Desmond Howard.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 289

As a direct and proximate cause of Champions Press's interference, Desmond Howard did not purchase the copyright of the Registered Photograph. Champions Press's interference disrupted Brian Masck's business relationship with Desmond Howard.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 290

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 291

Champions Press, through its tortious interference, has caused Brian Masck to suffer monetary damages and damage to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages within the United States, the State of Michigan, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 291

This count is not directed toward Amazon, and therefore no response from Amazon is required.

Complaint ¶ 292

Brian Masck is entitled to his damages resulting from Champions Press's tortious interference with his business relationship with Desmond Howard. Such damages include lost profits that Brian Masck expected to receive as a result of his business relationship with Desmond Howard, the expenses that Brian Masck incurred in anticipating this business relationship, consequential damages caused by the loss of this business relationship, and non-economic damages for emotional distress, mental anguish, and harm to his reputation. Brian Masck has suffered these damages and will continue to suffer them as a consequence of Champions Press's interference with Brian Masck's and Desmond Howard's business relationship.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 292

COUNT XIX: UNJUST ENRICHMENT (Against all Defendants)

Complaint ¶ 293

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 293

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 294

Defendants, and each of them, through their conduct have and continue to be unjustly enriched to the damage and irreparable harm of Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 294

The Court has dismissed this count (Dkt. 69).

Complaint ¶ 295

Specifically, Defendants, and each of them, have unjustly enriched themselves by profiting from the copying, publication, and sale of the ill-gotten Registered Photograph, and by receiving the goodwill from holding themselves out as lawful owners and/or dealers of the Registered Photograph. Brian Masck incurred substantial costs in creating such goodwill.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 295

The Court has dismissed this count (Dkt. 69).

Complaint ¶ 296

Defendants have unjustly enriched themselves to the direct detriment of Brian Masck.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 296

The Court has dismissed this count (Dkt. 69).

As a result of Defendants' unjust enrichment, Brian Masck has suffered both monetary damages and damages to his reputation. Such damages have been incurred within the State of Michigan, the United States, and internationally.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 297

The Court has dismissed this count (Dkt. 69).

Complaint ¶ 298

Brian Masck is entitled to compensation for Defendants' unjust enrichment.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 298

The Court has dismissed this count (Dkt. 69).

COUNT XX: INJUNCTIVE RELIEF (Against all Defendants)

Complaint ¶ 299

Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 299

Amazon incorporates its responses to the preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth here.

Complaint ¶ 300

Brian Masck is the lawful owner of the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 300

Amazon lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in paragraph 300 of the Complaint and therefore denies them.

Without an injunction, Brian Masck reasonably believes that Defendants will continue to copy, publish, publish for sale, and sell inferior and unauthorized photographs that the consuming public will wrongly believe are associated with Brian Masck. In addition, without an injunction, Brian Masck reasonably believes that Defendants will continue to infringe, in the above mentioned manners, on his copyright in the Registered Photograph.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 301

Denied.

Complaint ¶ 302

Brian Masck will suffer irreparable harm if Defendants are not enjoined from copying, publishing, publishing for sale, and selling their infringing photographs.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 302

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 302 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them.

Complaint ¶ 303

Brian Masck enjoys a substantial likelihood of success that he will prevail on the merits of his claims against the Defendants.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 303

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 303 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them.

Complaint ¶ 304

The balancing of the harms favors Brian Masck and the granting of the injunction. Defendants acts continue to cause substantial and irreparable harm as the Registered Photograph further permeates the internet and the public consciousness without remuneration or credit to Brian Masck. This far outweighs what little harm Defendants will incur from being prohibited from infringing Brian Masck's copyright and/or unfairly competing against him.

Answer to Complaint ¶ 304

To the extent the allegations in paragraph 304 pertain to Amazon, Amazon denies them.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Amazon asserts the following defenses in response to Plaintiff's Complaint. By pleading these defenses, Amazon does concede that it has the burden of proof or persuasion on any of these issues.

First Affirmative Defense

(Substantial Non-Infringing Use)

305. Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for contributory copyright infringement is barred based on the doctrine of substantial non-infringing uses. Amazon's e-commerce platform is capable of substantial non-infringing uses, including offering third-party merchants a platform on which to sell non-infringing goods. In light of these and other substantial non-infringing uses, Amazon's e-commerce platform does not contributorily infringe Plaintiff's alleged copyright.

Second Affirmative Defense

(DMCA Safe Harbor)

306. Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for contributory copyright infringement is barred under the safe harbor provisions of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. section 512 et seq ("DMCA") because Amazon is an Internet Service Provider that meets all the requirements under the DMCA. Amazon has a copyright policy that it communicates to its users, and Amazon's website lists a corporate agent to respond to copyright infringement complaints. It had no knowledge of and derived no direct financial benefit from any third-party merchants who allegedly used Amazon's e-commerce platform to infringe Plaintiff's copyright. Plaintiff's email to Amazon did comply with the requirements of the DMCA.

Third Affirmative Defense

(License)

307. Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for contributory copyright infringement is barred in whole or in part by license. On information and belief, some third-party merchants that have sold or attempted to sell allegedly infringing articles on Amazon's e-commerce platform obtained a license for such sales and offers to sell.

Fourth Affirmative Defense

(Laches)

308. Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for contributory copyright infringement is barred by the doctrine of laches. Plaintiff alleges that the "Heisman Pose" photo has "gone viral" and is available for sale everywhere from Defendants' websites to storefront delis. Despite what Plaintiff describes as widespread dissemination of his photo, Plaintiff waited more than twenty-two years from the date he took the photo before he first attempted to enforce his alleged rights. Plaintiff's delay prejudiced Amazon by creating legitimate confusion over who, if anyone, has rights to the photo.

Fifth Affirmative Defense

(Waiver/Abandonment)

309. Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for contributory copyright infringement is barred by waiver and abandonment. Plaintiff alleges that the "Heisman Pose" photo has "gone viral" and is available for sale everywhere from Defendants' websites to storefront delis. Despite what Plaintiff describes as widespread dissemination of his photo, Plaintiff waited more than twenty-two years from the date he took the photo before he first attempted to enforce his alleged rights. Plaintiff waived and abandoned his right to enforce any copyright he may have in the photo due to his knowledge that the photo was being widely used and his failure to enforce his rights.

Sixth Affirmative Defense

(Fair Use)

310. Plaintiff's claim against Amazon for contributory copyright infringement is barred because the alleged sales of infringing articles by third-party merchants using Amazon's ecommerce platform constitutes fair use. The event depicted in what Plaintiff refers to as the "Heisman Photo" was a newsworthy event.

Seventh Affirmative Defense

(No Timely Registration)

311. Plaintiff's claim for statutory damages and attorneys' fees is barred under 17 U.S.C. § 412 because Plaintiff's registration of the allegedly infringed work was untimely.

Eighth Affirmative Defense

(Forum Non Conveniens)

312. To the extent that there is a more convenient forum available, venue in the Eastern District of Michigan is improper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1404.

Ninth Affirmative Defense

(Failure to State a Claim)

The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

Tenth Affirmative Defense

(Statute of Limitations)

Masck's claims are barred in whole or in part by the statute of limitations.

Eleventh Affirmative Defense

(Standing)

Masck lacks standing to bring his claims to the extent he does not own the copyright in the allegedly infringed photograph.

Additional Defenses

Defendants reserve the right to amend their answer to assert or preserve affirmative defenses that may become available or apparent during discovery.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Amazon requests that the Court dismiss this Complaint with prejudice and award Amazon its attorney fees and costs.

Dated: June 18, 2013

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on June 18, 2013, I electronically filed the foregoing Defendant Amazon.com, Inc.'s Answer and Affirmative Defenses with the Clerk of the Court using the ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the parties/attorneys of record.

Dated: June 18, 2013

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